

## Retirement and Reengagement Policy (LGPS/FPS/NFPS) Green & Grey HRPOL003

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#### 1 Information

The Government encourages and supports employers in offering opportunities for flexible working. In addition, the Government has recognised that it is in the interests of both employers and pension schemes if employees can have early access to their retirement benefits but still be available to work.

This approach has a twofold benefit, the first is to the employer in that they retain the skills and experience of an employee. The second is to the employee who can have access to their retirement benefits but also continue in employment.

This policy applies to all staff in both the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS), the Firefighters Pension Scheme (FPS) and the New Firefighters Pension Scheme (NFPS). Due to pension scheme rules the policy for Local Government Pension Scheme and the policy for both Firefighters Pension Schemes are dealt with separately within the policy.

Those employees who were members of the LGPS on 30 September 2006 may be protected from a reduction in benefits under the 85 year rule. This rule is satisfied if the age at the date they draw their benefits and their scheme membership (each in whole years) add up to 85 or more. This could therefore affect the costs to the Authority when an employee retires early or requests flexible retirement. In view of the complexity of the 85 year rule, it is essential that estimates are requested prior to any decisions being made in order to ascertain the cost to the Authority. Each request will therefore be considered on its own individual circumstances.

### 2 Local Government Pension Scheme Policy

#### 2.1 Background

Regulations, introduced in late 2005, allow members of the Local Government Pension Scheme to request flexible retirement. The regulations allow an employee who is a member of the Scheme aged 55 or over, to reduce their hours of work or grade to elect to take their retirement benefits early whilst still continuing in employment and continuing their Fund membership, provided the employer agrees. They require each Authority to publish and keep up to date a policy statement on Flexible Retirement.

West Yorkshire Fire and Rescue Service is fully supportive of work life balance issues and recognises there are advantages of flexible retirement to both the employee and the Authority. The Authority can benefit from retaining the skills of experienced employees allowing better succession planning, whilst the employee can move into retirement more gradually.

#### 2.2 LGPS – Policy Statement

The Authority will consider applications made under this Regulation having regard to the particular circumstances surrounding each case. Decisions will be made on the individual merits of each case taking into consideration:

- The operating requirements of the department employing them
- The Authority's ability to meet the cost of granting such a request (the nearer to 55 an employee is the higher the costs will be for the Authority)
- Whether any demonstrable cost savings can be made in excess of potential savings available under any severance arrangements in place
- The member's personal circumstances.

Applications for the payment of unreduced benefits in these circumstances will be granted if:

- In the Authority's sole opinion, the special extenuating circumstances surrounding the application, along with the supporting evidence provided, justify approval and;
- The Authority can meet the cost of granting such a request.

#### 2.3 LGPS – Application Procedure

If an employee, who is a member of the Local Government Pension Scheme, wishes to apply for flexible retirement they must put their request in writing (form available on intranet, Employment Services, Forms, ESFRM203) to their line manager with a copy to the Corporate Human Resources Manager at least 3 months before the date they wish to take flexible retirement stating:

a. The date of flexible retirement

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b. That they wish to reduce either their hours of work or their grade and the details of the request e.g. number of hours to be reduced to and pattern of work. If the employee wishes to reduce their grade they must understand that this would only be accepted should it meet the business needs of the service and there would be a change and evaluation of the job description to reflect any reduced responsibilities.

The line manager will discuss the implications of the request with the respective Director and if it is a viable and cost effective option, obtain a financial quotation from West Yorkshire Pension Fund of the cost implications. If there is a cost to the Authority in granting the request then the respective Director will

have to demonstrate to the Chief Finance Officer and the Director of Human Resources how this cost will be met before the request is signed off.

Within 4 weeks of submitting the request, the employee along with Trade Union representative (if appropriate) will be invited to a meeting with the line manager to discuss the request further. Should there be problems in accommodating the initial request the meeting will provide an opportunity to consider alternative solutions.

After further discussion with the respective Director, the line manager will confirm in writing to the employee, within 2 weeks of the meeting, whether or not their application for flexible retirement has been successful.

In the case of requests for flexible retirement from members of the Management Board the decision to grant the request will be taken by elected Members.

If the application is not approved the employee will have the right of appeal. The grounds for the appeal must be put in writing to the Corporate Human Resources Manager within 7 days of receiving the decision. The appeal will be heard by a higher-level manager. The outcome of the appeal is the final level of appeal.

#### 2.4 LGPS – Implications for pensions and Terms and Conditions of Service

Employees are strongly advised to seek independent financial advice on how flexible retirement will affect their pension entitlement. The Authority will not provide any such advice to employees. Employees may request an estimate of pension benefits before requesting flexible retirement by either contacting Employment Services or West Yorkshire Pension Fund directly on 01274 434999.

Employees who take flexible retirement will get immediate access to the pension they have accrued up to the date of commencing flexible retirement, which will be on a reduced basis below the age of 65.

Employees will continue to pay into the Local Government Pension Scheme once they take flexible retirement unless they choose to opt out. Provided they do not opt out employees will build up another period of membership within the Scheme, albeit on a reduced basis.

Where an employee changes their hours or grade, this will affect any future redundancy entitlement since redundancy payments are based on the salary at the time of redundancy.

# 3 Firefighters Pension Scheme and New Firefighters Pensions Scheme Policy

#### 3.1 Background

Section 3 applies to members of the Firefighters Pension Scheme and the New Firefighters Pension Scheme. The term 'firefighter' is used for all operational ranks throughout section 3.

The aim of this policy is to provide information to employees contemplating retirement so they may consider whether they wish to retire, access their lump sum and pension and be re-employed by the Authority.

Note: Currently the Authority is experiencing extreme financial pressures and has restricted external recruitment; therefore, the opportunities to be re-employed will be limited to posts where the Authority has a defined need.

On 6 April 2006, the Government relaxed the rules on pension commutation whilst continuing in employment. As a result West Yorkshire Fire & Rescue Authority has elected to exercise the discretion allowed within these provisions and will enable employees in the Firefighters Pension Scheme/New Firefighters Pensions Scheme ((N)FPS) to retire from the scheme, access their lump sum and pension and be re-employed (subject to the abatement rule).

Subject to any future changes to the (N)FPS or to the Government's tax provisions Firefighters are allowed to retire from their current job, receive a commuted lump sum pension benefit (if they wish) and be re-employed, providing the (N)FPS criteria for retirement is met.

The 1992 Firefighters Pension Scheme has been amended to expand the definition of reemployment, so that the abatement of pension may apply to a member re-employed in any role by any authority, including non-operational and retained fire-fighter roles.

Under this rule, Firefighters who are re-employed following retirement cannot receive annual remuneration plus annual pension in excess of the remuneration received immediately prior to retirement. Therefore, pension will not be payable in addition to salary. If the Firefighter elects to apply for a post with reduced salary a proportion of the pension may be paid subject to the maximum level of previous salary.

The annual pension will be payable when employment in the Fire Service ends.

It is crucial that firefighters familiarise themselves with the potential implications of abating their pension. This may include liaising with the Inland Revenue and West Yorkshire Pension Fund.

#### 3.2 Firefighters Pension Scheme – Pensionable Age

Firefighters should request advice from Employment Services who are able to provide accurate information on retirement dates and pension figures. In the FPS the normal pension age is 55 and the minimum 50, provided that the individual is able to reckon at least 25 years' pensionable service.

Firefighters may retire from the age of 50, having completed at least 30 years pensionable service, with the option to commute up to 25% of their annual pension in favour of a one-off lump sum.

Firefighters aged over 50 but under 55, with at least 25 years but less than 30 years pensionable service, may retire with the option to commute up to 2.25 x their annual pension into a lump sum.

#### 3.3 New Firefighters Pension Scheme – Pensionable Age

Firefighters should request advice from Employment Services who are able to provide accurate advice on retirement dates and pension figures. In the NFPS the minimum pension age is 55 with a normal pension age of 60.

Firefighters may retire from the age of 60, with the option to take a 'commuted portion' which is limited to one quarter of the pension entitlement. You would receive £12 as a lump sum for each £1 of pension that you commute.

Firefighters aged over 55 may retire with the appropriate actuarial reduction; the reduction is currently 5% for each year up to 65 of the deferred pension age.

#### 3.4 Firefighters (and New Firefighters) Pension Scheme - Applying for Re-engagement

It is important to stress that it would be advantageous to discuss any request as early as possible before the proposed retirement date, however a decision with regard to the request will normally be given within 8 weeks of the request being made. The following policy sets out the criteria for re-engagement. It should, however, be clearly understood that the granting of requests for re-engagement will be the exception rather than the rule.

There are two options:

- Fire Authority offer re-engagement as an option to fill specific post(s) where there is a shortage of skills/experience within the remaining workforce.
- Firefighters make a generic application when approaching retirement.

Where the Authority has defined a specific need, a business case must be produced by the relevant Director (Chief Fire Officer in case of Principal Officer) showing that there are clear benefits for the Authority to offer a re-employment opportunity. The business case will consider whether to advertise the post internally only or internally and externally.

Applicants are required to submit the form 'Application to Retire and be Re-engaged' to Human Resources. Where there is more than one applicant, a shortlist and selection process relevant to the requirements of the post will take place.

In the case of a generic application, the Firefighter must submit 'Application to Retire and be Re-engaged' (form available from the intranet, Human Resources, Forms, ESFRM203a) to Human Resources, at least 3 months before his/her retirement date. The relevant Director will consider the application and complete the application form, submitting it to Management Board (Authority for Principal Officers) for consideration. The decision, whether to re-engage or not on generic applications, is at the complete discretion of the Management Board (Authority in the case of Principal Officer), there is no right of appeal.

The Director concerned will consider these requests for retirement and re-engagement producing a business case for consideration by either Management Board, up to and including Area Manager, or Fire Authority for Principal Officers. The following will be taken into account:

- Clear financial benefit to the Authority
- Impact on terms and conditions of service including potential redundancy costs due to continuous service
- Staffing requirements of the Authority, in particular any shortage of specialisms
- Transitional requirements of organisational restructuring
- The fitness and health of the Firefighter

- The absence record of the Firefighter
- · The disciplinary record of the Firefighter
- The skills of the Firefighter
- Need and suitability for filling the post part-time or flexible working, including ability to maintain competency
- Resilience of staffing options
- Whether having due regard to the above, the Director would wish to meet any staffing need through an open recruitment process (for which the Firefighter wishing to be re-engaged could also apply)

Where Firefighters are re-engaged following retirement, then the following will apply:

- Firefighters will be re-engaged at the same rates of pay as other firefighters of the Authority employed at the role re-engaged.
- The Fire and Rescue Authority, in considering requests for re-engagement, will treat each case on
  its merit. The firefighter's on-going pension payments will be abated where they are re-engaged in
  the role of a regular Firefighter on the principle that the annual rate of pay on re-engagement, plus
  the annual rate of pension payable under the FPS should not exceed the annual rate of pay they
  received in the firefighting role immediately prior to retirement.

Firefighters who are employed at a higher role than Firefighter may apply for re-engagement at that role or any lower graded role. The same criteria will be applied to these applications as detailed above.

Firefighters may also apply for reengagement at the same or lower graded role on reduced hours or flexible hours or for a fixed term when the criteria above will apply to such applications. In addition the Director may decide that an offer of re-engagement is only made on the basis of reduced or flexible hours.

If the request is approved the individual will first have to resign/retire from their current position before being reengaged and will be required to have a break in service of at least 1 month and re-join on conditions applicable to new recruits.

## 4 Appendix A – Firefighters Pension Scheme Guidance Note 1/2010

Protected Pension Age – Implications for Re-employment of FPS Pensioners from 6<sup>th</sup> April 2010.

Under the Finance Act 2004, the Minimum Pension Age (MPA) rises to age 55 from 6<sup>th</sup> April 2010. Members of the Firefighter's Pension Scheme 1992 have a right to retire from age 50 (provided they have 25 or more years of pensionable service). This right to retire at an age below 55 is protected<sup>1</sup> and on retirement members will receive a Protected Pension Age (PPA).

HM Revenue and Customs have taken the view that protection does not extend to Chief Fire Officers appointed on or before 5<sup>th</sup> April 2006.

The purpose of this guidance note is to bring to the attention of Fire and Rescue Authorities the tax rules that will apply from 6<sup>th</sup> April 2010 where an individual who has taken pension benefits from the FPS takes up employment again. We are aware that some FRAs re-employ Firefighters after retirement and this guidance note will therefore be of particular interest to those considering the employment of Firefighters who retired with a PPA on, or after, 6<sup>th</sup> April 2010.

From 6<sup>th</sup> April 2010, an individual who retires with a PPA and who subsequently takes up employment will lose that protection if they are employed by one of the following employers and one of the four employment conditions listed below is not met.

- An employer who employed the individual in the six months before benefit entitlement arose, and who was also a **sponsoring employer** in the scheme under which benefit entitlement arose in that six month period.
- Any person connected with the employer described in the previous bullet point. Note that under this condition the person employing the individual does not need to be a sponsoring employer.
- Any sponsoring employer in the pension scheme under which benefit entitlement arose that is connected with the individual.

Our interpretation of a "sponsoring employer" in connection with the FPS is the relevant employing authority, whether a fire and rescue authority or county council.

Therefore, from 6<sup>th</sup> April 2010 an individual who has retired with a PPA and is subsequently reemployed by an FRA before they have reached age 55 will incur additional tax charges on all pension benefits, including any commuted lump sum, paid to them before reaching age 55 unless one of the following four re-employment conditions is met:

- 1. recall by the Armed Forces
- 2. a break in employment of at least six months
- 3. a break in employment of at least one month and benefits may be abated
- 4. a break in employment of at least one month and the re-employment is materially different

With regard to re-employment condition 3, we are advised by HMRC that the abatement condition is satisfied provided that the employer has the discretion to abate. Whether abatement is actually applied is not material. Under Rule K4 of the FPS, a FRA has the discretion to abate where a person entitled to a pension is employed as a regular firefighter.

With regard to re-employment condition 4, the legislation is silent on the definition of "materially different" and HMRC advise that the normal meaning should be applied.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Under the Registered Pension Schemes (Prescribed Schemes and Occupations) Regulations 2005 (SI 2005 No. 3451.

## 5 Appendix B – Firefighters Pension Scheme Examples

#### Example 1

A Firefighter in the FPS aged 53 with 30 years' experience wishes to receive their pension but carry on in work. They have a good attendance and discipline record and they have a skill (eg USAR or EFAD) which is in short supply so the Authority would continue to benefit from their services. The Service agrees to allow them to retire and be re-engaged as a Firefighter. They receive their lump sum pension payment, and salary only as a Firefighter following re-engagement. The figures would be: -

	On retirement and re-employment	When finally leaving employment
Previous Salary	£28,199	£0
Salary	£28,199	£0
Lump Sum	£96,675	£0 (already taken)
Pension	£0 (abated)	£14,100

Their ongoing pension payments are abated whilst they continue in employment as a Firefighter but, on retirement from their re-engaged post, revert to full entitlement. They also choose to opt in to the New Firefighters' Pension Scheme in respect of their re-engaged position.

#### Example 2

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A Crew Manager in the FPS aged 55 wishes to carry on working after 55, but with less responsibility and reduced working hours. The Authority has a vacancy for 50% of a Firefighter position at a Day Crewed Close Call station that cannot be immediately filled. The Crew Manager has a good attendance and discipline record, and a good level of skill and experience. The Authority agrees for the Crew Manager to retire from their current role, and re-engages him/her as a Firefighter on Day Crewed Close Call system based on 50% of a full time firefighter. The Crew Manager receives his/her pension lump sum, the salary payable for a Firefighter and their on-going pension payments.

	On retirement and re-employment	When finally leaving employment
Previous Salary	£31,263	£0
Salary	£18,188	£0
Lump Sum	£110,463	£0 (already taken)
Pension	£13,075 (abated by £2,556)	£15,631

As the total of pension payments and Firefighter salary exceed their previous pay as a Crew Manager, so the abatement of pension is limited to that above their previous gross pay, in this case £2,556.